CHERRY BLOSSOM PRESCHOOL 2024 -2025

Our long-term plan is a simple structure that we follow to ensure that we have covered the EYFS framework and 'I Can' throughout the year. Our weekly learning opportunities vary to follow the interests of our children. We assess the children regularly and personalise their learning journey for our children by identifying their next steps so we can use them in our weekly planning. Plans may be subject to change as we like to build themes around the children's interests

	AUTUMN	SPRING	SUMMER
	All About Me	Building For The Future	Healthy Habits
Core Texts	Happy to be Me It's Okay To Be Different The Gruffalo Someone Bigger The Jolly Christmas Postman	Going on a Bear Hunt Mouse Counts Polar Bear, Polar Bear The Ugly Duckling Monkey Puzzle Spring is Here Were Going on a Bear Hunt Malata Bana Bear Hunt Mouse Count Plant Bana Bear Hunt Mouse Count	Healthy Habits Handa's Surprise The Very Hungry Caterpillar Oliver's Vegetables Michael Recycle Let's Eat Lunch Jack and the Beanstalk
	Focus author — Sophie Beer LOVE makes a family starts with us CHANGE starts with us	Focus author — Rod Campbell Oh Dear! Rod Compbell Rod Compbell Noisy Form Rod Campbell Rod Compbell	Focus author - Sue Hendra SUPERIOR SUPERIOR

	Settling in, becoming familiar with the	Welcoming and settling new children,	Look at healthy living – healthy food, exercise
Personal, social & emotional	preschool environment and routines,	recapping on 'Class Rules'	and keeping clean.
development	learning and understanding our 'Class	Encouraging to be independent when	
	Rules'	attending personal needs	Learn about oral hygiene
	All about me, my body and what I can do	Looking at Superheroes and talk about	
	Sharing who is in my family and who lives	the values of honesty, kindness and	Learn about sun safety
	with me	being helpful to others	
			Talk about holidays and travelling, what I've
			seen or done on previous holidays
			Discuss feelings and fears of moving on to
			primary school

Communication & Language

The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

	Looking at the Christmas story and	Listening to and responding to other's	Making predictions on the outcome of an
Communication & Language	Christmas customs and traditions and the	views at circle time	activity
	feeling of love, kindness and goodwill.		
Whole EYFS Focus –		Learn new words and vocabulary -	Retell main characters and storyline of a
C&L is developed throughout the	Talking about and labelling our feelings	Winter, ice, frost, cold, hot, Arctic, blue,	familiar story, give my own ending
year through high quality		black, white, thaw/freeze, snow	
interactions, sharing circles, stories,	Learn new words & vocab –	Love, kind, heart, caring	Understand and follow instructions
singing, phonics activities	Like, dislike, Autumn, body parts,	China, rabbit	
	Halloween, bonfire, Guy Fawkes,	Wales, dragon, leek, St David, daffodil	Learn new words & vocab - fruit names
	fireworks, fizz, whoosh, bang, Christmas,	Spring, Easter, Jesus, oval, eggs,	vegetable names, roots, stem, stalk bulbs,
	colour names		insect names, St George, knight, Summer, sun
			sun safety, beach, heat
	Core Rhymes, Poems & Songs-	Core Rhymes, Poems & Songs -	
	Twinkle, twinkle little star, Heads,	Little Bo Peep, It's raining, it's pouring,	Core Rhymes, Poems & Songs
	shoulders, knees & toes, 5 Little	Baa baa black sheep, Teddy bear, teddy	Down in the bottom of the garden
	Pumpkins	bear, Miss Polly had a dolly.	

	Christmas songs Autumn 1 - Begin the Little Wandle phonics programme – 'satpin' sounds, oral blending, voice sound, tuning into sounds.	Continue Little Wandle phonics programme - 'satpin' sounds, oral blending, voice sounds, tuning into sounds	Dingle, dangle scarecrow, Old Mcdonald, Here we go round the mulberry bush, Row, row your boat, 1 2 3 4 5 once I caught a fish alive. Continue Little Wandle phonics programme - Satpin sounds, oral blending, voice sounds, Tuning into sounds	
throughout early childhood, startin crawling and play movement with a develop their core strength, stabilit and emotional well-being. Fine mo	g with sensory explorations and the developme both objects and adults. By creating games and by, balance, spatial awareness, coordination and tor control and precision helps with hand-eye controlities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practic	ent of a child's strength, coordination and poporoviding opportunities for play both indocate agility. Gross motor skills provide the found oordination, which is later linked to early lit	ors and outdoors, adults can support children to dation for developing healthy bodies and social teracy. Repeated and varied opportunities to	
Physical Physical	Move in a variety of ways, under, over, balancing, throwing and catching. Develop fine motor skills through one handed tools such as tweezers, crayons, pencils and threading bobbins	Act out stories Move like different creatures Plant seeds and learn what they need to make them grow	Observe the effects of activity on our bodies Practice changing into PE clothes Labelling my work with my name	
Literacy It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing)				
Literacy	Looking at fiction and non-fiction books on our bodies, Guy Fawkes, St Andrew & Scotland, Thanksgiving and Christmas	Listen to "Jack and the Beanstalk" – name and label parts of plants	Write shopping lists, holiday lists and postcards	

		Read Oliver's Vegetables – plant some vegetable seeds in our greenhouse Use different medias to write letters in my name	Look at fiction and non-fiction books on the human body, the summer season, the sea and sea creatures
confidently, develop a deep understar opportunities to build and apply this u secure base of knowledge and vocabu to develop their spatial reasoning skill	understanding - such as using manipulatives, llary from which mastery of mathematics is b is across all areas of mathematics including sh terns and relationships, spot connections, 'ha	between them and the patterns within tho including small pebbles, shells, blocks for ouilt. In addition, it is important that the curnape, space and measures. It is important that	se numbers. By providing frequent and varied rganising counting - children will develop a riculum includes rich opportunities for children hat children develop positive attitudes and
Maths	Looking at the colours and how they can change when mixed together Collecting autumn objects and grouping	Look at numbers and sizes through traditional tales – 3 Little Pigs Design Easter eggs and talk about the	Look at water capacity – full/empty Predict if things will float or sink in water and test my ideas
	them into size, colour and shapes Looking at numbers, shapes and patterns	shape, size and colours Maker comparisons between quantities	Look at the number 5 through nursery rhymes – longer days, warmer weather

Understanding the World

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

	Talking about me and my family, looking	Looking at the changes in the	Look at the changes in the environment in the
Understanding the World	at my community and people around me	environment in the Winter & Spring	Summer season– longer days, warmer
		season	weather
	Looking at the changes in the		
	environment in the Autumn season	Looking at baby animals and how they	Look at recycling and life cycles eg caterpillar
		change eg Spring lambs	

Learning the story of Thanksgiving in		Read Handra's Surprise story – look at where
America	Looking at China and sample Chinese	fruit is grown in the world
Looking at Christmas and how it is	food with chopsticks	Look at the LIV man and World man to find
Looking at Christmas and how it is celebrated around the world	Engayrage my curiocity by acking	Look at the UK map and World map to find
celebrated around the world	Encourage my curiosity by asking questions	previous holiday destinations
	questions	
	Learn about St David and Wales	
	Learn about St Patrick and Ireland	
	Talk about Easter and Easter traditions	

Expressive Arts and Design

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe. Give children an insight into new musical worlds. Invite musicians to play music to children and talk about it. Encourage children to listen attentively to music. Discuss changes and patterns as a piece of music develops.

	Looking at and describing the texture of	Move to music, learning and singing	Make holiday scrapbook, tickets, postcards
Expressive Arts and Design	different items	new songs	and drawings
	Create pictures, collages of Myself and	Make rhythms with musical instruments	Make fruit salads
	My family		
		Design Easter eggs	Printing and painting using fruit and
			vegetables
		Make Chinese Lanterns	
			Making caterpillar pictures
		Make Christmas cards and gifts	
	Diwali, Thanksgiving, Advent, Christmas,	New Year, Chinese New Year, St Patrick's	King's coronation, Father's Day. St Patrick's
Preschool Celebrations	St Andrews day, Christmas	Day, St David's Day, Mother's Day	Day, St George's Day
		Easter	Moving on to Primary School
British Values	Democracy	Individual liberty and mutual respect	Tolerance of different cultures and religions
	Learning our Class Rules and boundaries		

Nursery Rhymes at Preschool

At Cherry Blossom we introduce a variety of rhymes throughout the year through a 'nursery rhyme bag' filled with rhyme related pictures or objects and nursery rhyme books and CD's. The children will learn nursery rhymes that will progress across the Foundation Stage into the Foundation 1 class and Foundation 2 class. These rhymes can be chanted at any time of the day or as part of a whole group activity.

Why is singing nursery rhymes and songs so important in preschool;

- Children learn new words
- Develop their non-verbal communications skills
- Learn early maths skills
- Children understand how words are formed
- Enables children to copy actions
- It boasts children language communication and literacy skills
- Helps develop children's social, skills
- Children learn about different beats and rhythms
- Provides the opportunity for children to value language and become confident learners.
- Creates a close relationship between adult and child

Nursery rhymes help children develop vocabulary, which helps them learn to read! The bouncy rhythm catches the child's attention. Repetition and familiarity help the child to remember and supports language development, whilst engaging a child fosters social development.:

• Physical development

Action songs encourage children to develop their fine and gross motor control skills and coordination, and the skills needed to follow simple instructions.

Numeracy

Many rhymes contain counting, helping children to familiarise with numbers in a fun and interesting way.

Nursery Rhymes

Humpty dumpty

Ba Baa Black sheep

Row, row your boat

Incy wincy

Old Mcdonald

Hickory dickory dock

Wind the bobbin up

It's raining it's pouring

Pat-a-cake

Polly put the kettle on

Hey diddle diddle

Jack and Jill

5 little speckled frogs

Little Bo peep

Miss Polly had a dolly

12345 once I caught a fish alive

See saw

Action songs

Twinkle, twinkle
Dingle dangle scarecrow
The grand old Duke of York
Clap your hands
Teddy bear, teddy bear
If you're happy and you know it
The wheels on the bus
One finger one thumb
Open shut them

Here we go round the mulberry bush